

Unit 5

Section A

Can you come to my party?

The Second Period



FREE



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Task 1 Make invitation cards

*It's a **Birthday Party!***

*For whom: **Alley's son, Jason***

*Time: **Sunday, October 31,**
at twelve*

*Place: **Alley's house, Fourth Street**
Come and have fun!*



Task 2 Read the *invitation card*.
Then fill in the blanks in the conversation.

It's a Birthday Party!

For Whom: Lisa

**Time: Friday, June 30,
at four-thirty**

**Place: Lisa's house,
15th Street**

Come and have fun!

Lisa: Hi, Simon,
can you come to my
birthday party ?

Simon: When is it?

Lisa: It's on Friday ,
June 30 at four-thirty .

Simon: Great! I'd love to.

all kinds of parties

Birthday Party(生日聚会)

Singsing Party (歌会)

Dancing Party(舞会)

Halloween Party(万圣节聚会)

Christmas Party(圣诞聚会)

New Year's Party (新年聚会)

Charity Performance Party (慈善义演会)

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Task 3 Plan a party in groups

Task 4 Survey and report

1. Do a survey.

Invite your friends to your party. Find out who can come, who can't come. Fill in the chart and write down the reasons.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Can/Can't</i>	<i>Why</i>
Lily	can	/
Alan	can't	too much homework

2. Give a report. (小组汇报)

Summary:



1) *Can you ...?* 常用于发出邀请. 在口语也用 *would you like to ...?* *Could you ...?*

2) *Sure , I'd love to .* 这是对邀请的肯定回答, 表示接受邀请. *Sure* 用于口语, 相当于 *Certainly, of course,* 也可用 *great, yes* 或 *OK* 来回答.

3) *Sorry, I can't.* 是对邀请的否定回答. *Sorry* 代替 *no* 更加礼貌. *Have to* “不得不, 必须”, 三单用 *has to* .



Exercises: 按要求完成句子



1. She can dance very well. (一般疑问句)

Can she dance very well?

2. They can go to the concert on Sunday. (划线提问)

What can they do on Sunday?

3. Bill has to do homework every day.

(否) Bill doesn't have to do homework every day.

(问) Does Bill have to do homework every day?

4. Thanks for asking. (同义句)

Thanks for your invitation.

5. Can you come to my house tomorrow? (肯定回答)

Sure, I'd love to.

6. 这个星期天能和我们一起去听音乐会吗? (译句)

Can you go to the concert with us this Sunday?

视野拓展

世界各地的生日

在英美等西方国家，每逢生日一般要举行 *Birthday Party*，吃 *Birthday cake*。

阿根廷（Argentina）：过生日时，人们拉生日者的耳朵（*Ear Pulling*），每岁拉一次。

丹麦（**Denmark**）：过生日时，窗外将会挂满旗帜。

爱尔兰（**Ireland**）：每当孩子过生日时，他会被倒立提起，然后把头轻轻的撞在地上，每岁撞一次，然后加上一次以示丰年好运。

以色列（**Israel**）：孩子过生日时，坐在椅子上，人们把椅子举起，每岁举一次。

菲律宾（**Philippines**）：过生日时，人们在户外点燃彩灯。

Homework

1. Make your own invitation cards to invite your friends to your party.

2. Then write a report.





Thanks for listening! /



Good bye!