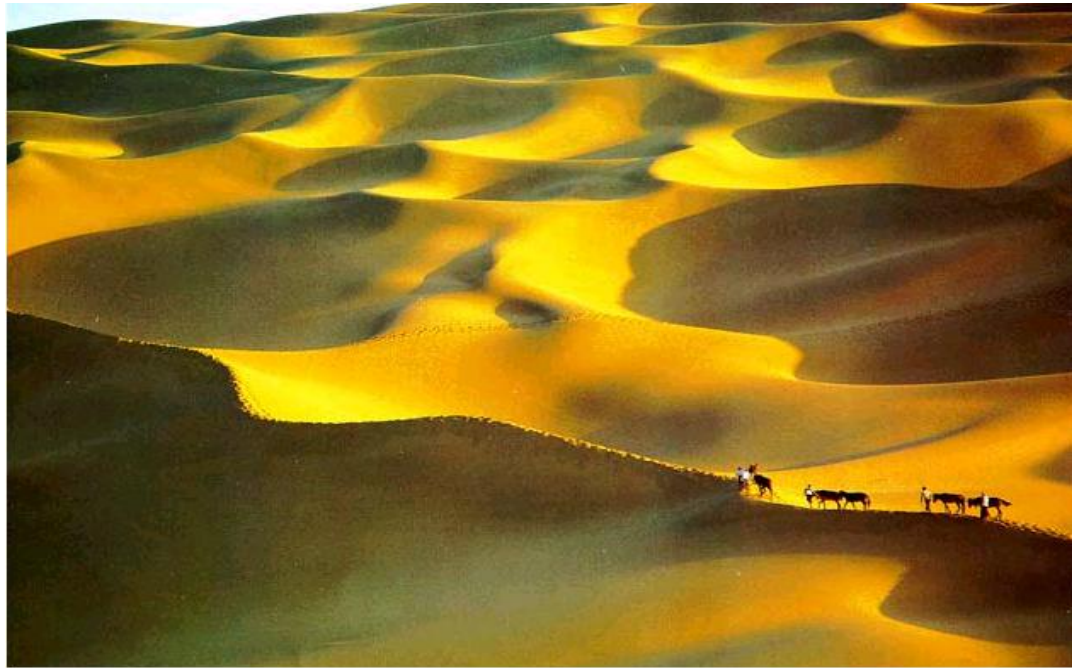


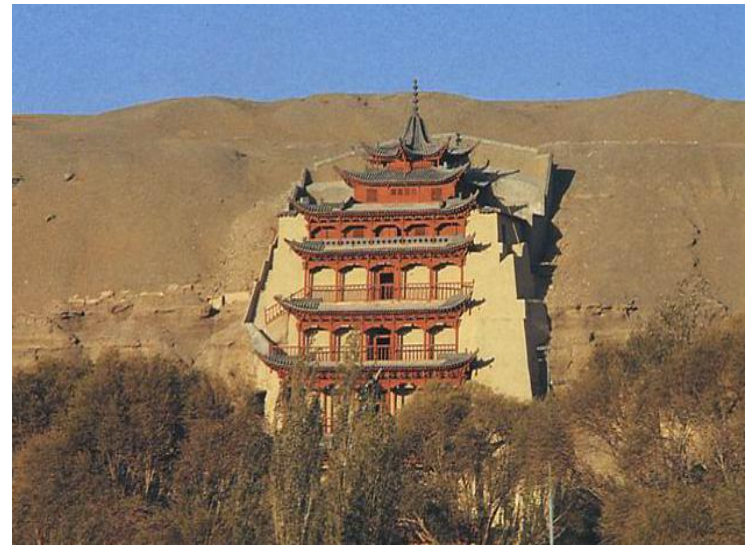
七年级英语·下

新课标 [冀教]

Unit 1 A Trip to the Silk Road



Lesson 5 Another Stop along the Silk Road



New words

another 另外的;又一	Marco Polo 马可·波罗
amazing 惊奇的;惊人的	camel 骆驼
sir 先生; 老师	safe 安全的
fall 落下, 跌倒	onto 到.....上面
yay 哇	main 主要的

Listen and write true (T) or false (F).



(1)Dunhuang is famous as the City of Sands. (T)

(2)Marco Polo came to Dunhuang a long time ago. () T

(3)The camel is not safe and Danny falls off. (F)



Read the passage and answer the following questions.

(1) What do people come here to see?

They come here to see the ancient paintings in the Mogao Caves.

(2) Where do they find a camel man?

They find a camel man on their way to Mingsha Mountain.

(3) Can Danny ride a camel?

Yes, he can.



☆教材解读☆

1.They take a tour around the city.

take a tour属于动词短语,意为“游览”。

Shall we take a tour to the Summer Palace?

我们去颐和园游览好吗?

2.It's one of the main stops on the Silk Road.

one of意为“……之一”,后面的名词或代词要用复数形式。

*Miss Wang is one of the best teachers in our school.*王女士是我们学校最好的老师之一。



3.It's famous as the City of Sands.

【辨析】 be famous as, be famous for

(1) **be famous as** 是“作为……而著名”的意思,接职业或身份。

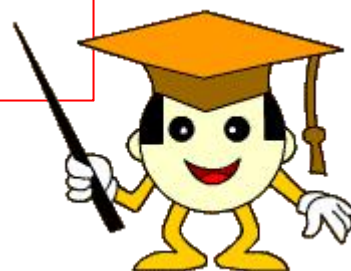
Song Zuying is famous as a singer.

宋祖英作为歌唱演员而著名。

(2) **be famous for** 表示“以……而著名”,接著名的原因。

Hangzhou is famous for its tea and silk.

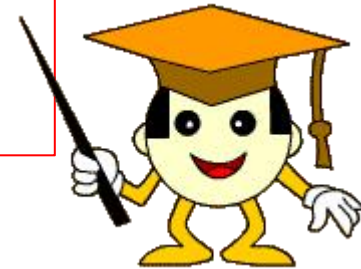
杭州以茶叶和丝绸而著名。



4.Many people come here to see
the ancient paintings in the Mogao
Caves.

to see属于动词不定式,在句中作目的状语。

*We often go to the movie theatre to
watch a movie.*我们经常去电影院看电影。



5.I can't believe it!

believe用作实义动词,意为“相信”,用法如下:

(1)**believe sb./ sth.**相信某人/某事。

I don't believe what you said.

我不相信你说的话。

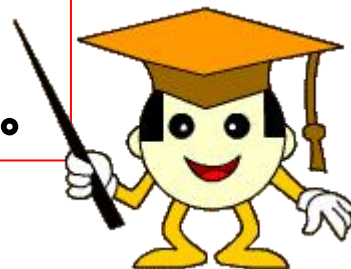
(2)**believe in sb./sth.**信任;信仰。

*He believes in his parents.*他信任他的父母。

(3)**believe**和**think**一样,当主语为第一人称
I 或 **we**时,把否定词放于**believe**或**think**前。

*I believe you are right.*我相信你是对的。

*I don't believe you are right.*我相信你不对。



6. We are walking on the same road as Marco Polo.

the same as 意为 “同……一样”。

I have the same long hair as my sister. 我和我妹妹有同样的长头发。

My sister's hair is the same as mine.
我妹妹的头发和我的一样长。



7.They find a camel man on their way to Mingsha Mountain.

on one's way to意为“在某人去某地的路上”。常用短语:**on one's way home**

在某人回家的路上; **on one's way to school**在某人去上学的路上。

John and Mike are on the way to the park. 约翰和迈克在去公园的路上。

【注意】 **one's**要根据主语做具体变化,地点如果为副词**home, here, there**,要省略**to**。

He is on his way home.

他正在回家的路上。



8. You will not fall off.

fall off 用作动词短语, 意为 “从……
跌落/掉落”。

Don't fall off the bike.

= *Don't fall down from the bike.*

不要从自行车上掉下来。

【拓展】 **fall down** 摔倒。

He ran so fast, and he fell down.

他跑得太快, 摔倒了。



Work in pairs. Continue the dialogue in this lesson. What happens after Jenny and Danny get on the camels?

Example:

*A: I want to have a picture taken on the camel.
Can you help me?*

B: Of course. Look here and say, "Cheese!" Great!

A: Thanks. Now I'll take a picture of you. Smile!



Fill in the blanks.

1.鲁迅作为一名作家而出名。

Lu Xun is famous as a writer.

2.你的自行车和我的一样。

Your bicycle is the same as mine.

3.我和我的同学们在去博物馆的路上。

My friends and I are on the way to the museum.

4.小心!不要从自行车上掉下来。

Look out! Don't fall off the bicycle.

5.别担心!你会没事的。

Don't worry! You will be all right.

Homework

- 1. Remember the words and phrases in this lesson.**
- 2. Read the dialogue after class.**
- 3. Prepare for the next lesson.**

