



# 单元语法精讲专练



# 语法精讲

## 现在进行时态

### 1. 定义

现在进行时表示现在(说话瞬间)或现阶段正在进行的或发生的动作。

### 2. 结构

(1)肯定句:主语+be+v. -ing+其他.

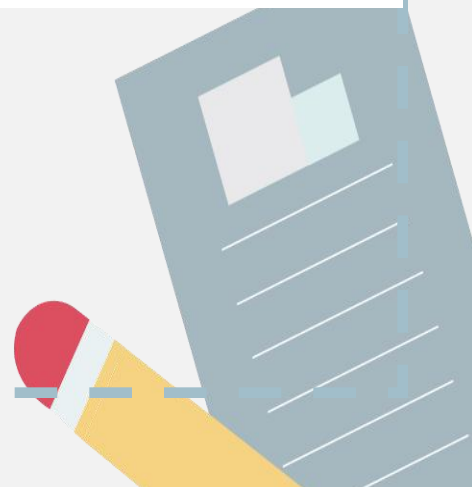
(2)否定句:主语+be+not+v. -ing+其他.

(3)一般疑问句:Be+主语+v. -ing+其他?



**【注意】**回答用“Yes, 主语 + be.”或“No, 主语 + be + not.”

(4) 特殊疑问句: 特殊疑问词 + be + 主语 + v. -ing + 其他?



### 3. 用法

(1)表示现在(说话瞬间)正在进行或发生的动作。

eg: He is cleaning his room now. 他现在正在打扫房间。

(2)表示当前一段时间内的活动或现阶段正在进行的动作。

eg: They are visiting Hainan these days. 这些天他们正在海南旅游。

#### 4. 时态标志

现在进行时的标志词常有 now, look, listen 等。

#### 5. 动词-ing 形式的构成

(1) 一般直接在动词原形末尾加-ing。eg: play → playing; read → reading。

(2) 以不发音的字母 e 结尾的动词, 先去掉 e, 再加-ing。eg: come → coming; write → writing。

(3) 以重读闭音节结尾的单词, 且词尾只有一个辅音字母, 变动词-ing 形式时, 应双写该辅音字母再加-ing。eg: shop → shopping; get → getting。



## 语法专练

### 一、单项选择。

( )1. (重庆市中考 B 卷) Listen! Mr. Black \_\_\_\_\_  
a talk on robots in the hall.

A. gives

B. is giving

C. will gave

D. gave

( )2. (邵阳市中考)—Where is Jim?  
—Look! He \_\_\_\_\_ under the tree.

A. is standing

B. stood

C. stands

( )3. (济南育英中学单元卷) The children \_\_\_\_\_  
football now.

A. is playing

B. are playing

C. playing

D. play

( )4. —Are they buying *zongzi*?  
—\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Yes, they are

B. Yes, they aren't

C. No, they don't

D. No, they can't





(     )5. —What \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_?

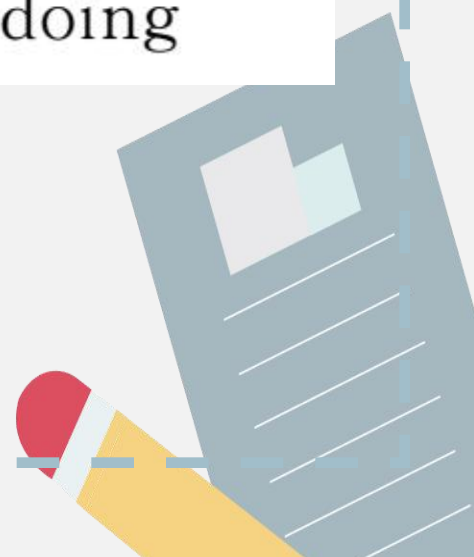
—I'm doing my homework.

A. are; do


B. are; doing

C. do; do

D. do; doing







## 二、写出下列动词的现在分词。

1. eat \_\_\_\_\_

2. watch \_\_\_\_\_

3. go \_\_\_\_\_

4. live \_\_\_\_\_

5. write \_\_\_\_\_

6. see \_\_\_\_\_

7. study \_\_\_\_\_

8. play \_\_\_\_\_

9. swim \_\_\_\_\_

10. run \_\_\_\_\_

### 三、用所给动词的适当形式填空。

1. Look! They \_\_\_\_\_ (have) an English lesson.
2. Terra is playing basketball and Bob \_\_\_\_\_  
(run).
3. — \_\_\_\_\_ Bruce \_\_\_\_\_ (wash) his clothes now?  
— Yes, he is.
4. It's 6:30 now. Scott \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV.
5. Listen! Who \_\_\_\_\_ (sing) in the next room?

#### 四、按要求完成下列句子,每空一词(含缩写)。

1. Emma often rides her bike to school. (用 now 改写句子)

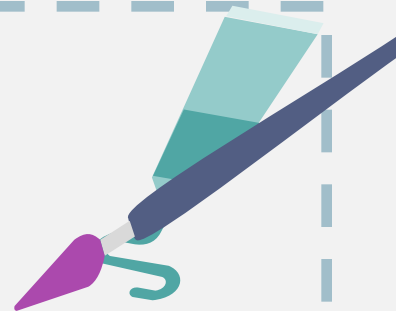
Emma \_\_\_\_\_ her bike to school now.

2. My brother is doing his homework. (改为一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_ your brother \_\_\_\_\_ his homework?

3. They are playing computer games. (改为否定句)

They \_\_\_\_\_ computer games.



4. My mother is watching TV. (对画线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ your mother \_\_\_\_\_?

5. Is she writing a letter to her uncle? (作否定回答)

\_\_\_\_\_, she \_\_\_\_\_.

